

RaDAR 2025 Online Summit



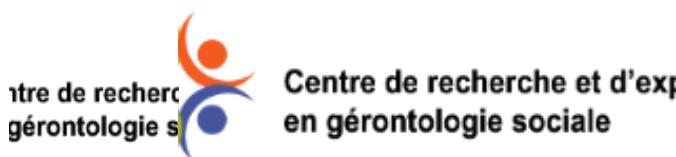
Green Care Laurentians

Cultivating well-being and cognitive health through nature and gardening

Partners :



Funded by :



Émilie Richard-Frève (Concordia, CREGES)
Geneviève Arsenault-Lapierre (McGill, CREGES)
Catherine Girard (UQAM)

Background

- Quebec's population is aging rapidly, leading to a significant rise in neurocognitive disorders (NCDs).¹
- In rural regions, access to respite and stimulation services is extremely limited. That leaves caregivers and community organizations overwhelmed with requests.
- Current interventions lack diversity, especially nature-based or outdoor activities.
- Social inactivity is associated with behavioral and psychological symptoms such as agitation, depression, and apathy.^{2, 3}
- Cognitive stimulation of the senses through physical activity^{4, 5} and social interaction⁶ has been shown to have an impact on the risk of developing the disease and to slow its progression by maintaining dynamic cognitive functions⁷, but there is still gaps in research to fully understand the impact of this approach.^{8, 9}

” By 2050, 1.7 million Canadians will be living with a neurocognitive disorder, nearly three times more than in 2020.”¹



Green Care Laurentians

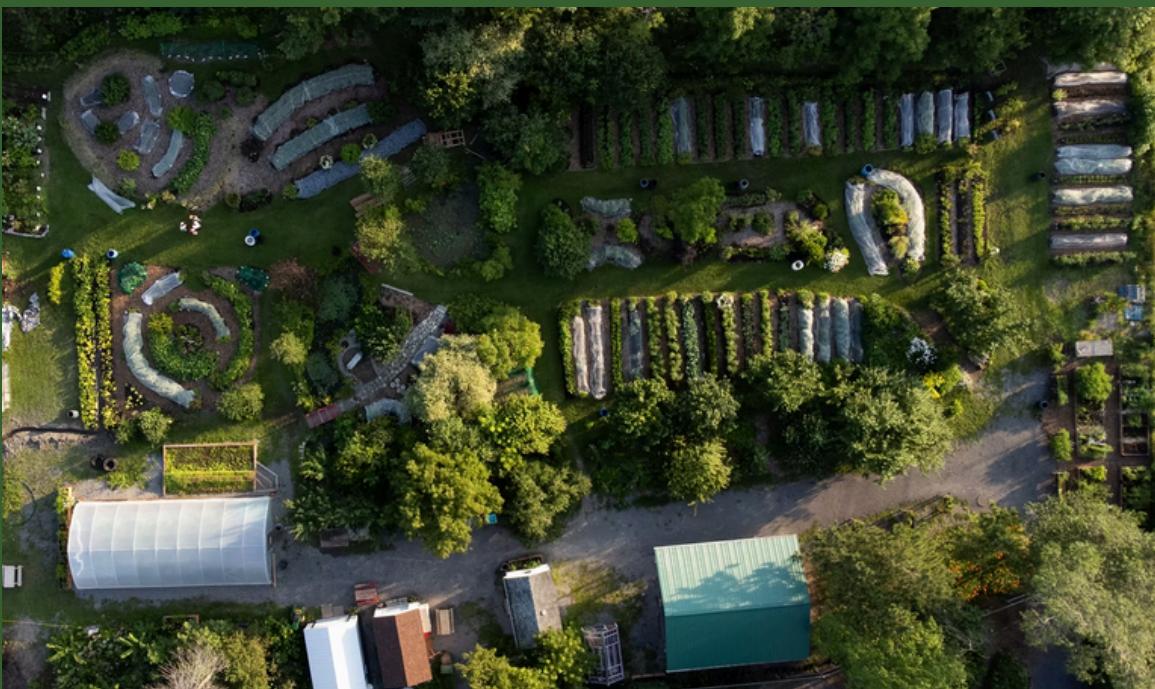
- Co-created in partnership with Maison Aloïs (day respite for people with NCDs), and Les Serres de Clara (community gardens for social inclusion), 20 participants from Maison Aloïs will attend weekly Green Care sessions over 17 weeks.
- Activities include gardening, planting, cooking, and sensory experiences in a natural setting.
- Intergenerational connections: pairing participants with youth volunteers for mentorship and inclusion.
- Maison Aloïs seeks to diversify its therapeutic activities by offering Green Care to better meet participants' needs and increase its respite capacity.
- Les Serres de Clara seeks evidence-based validation of the impacts of gardening on participants' well-being to better assess and refine their social and therapeutic interventions.



What is Green Care?

“ Green Care is an alternative form of therapy that uses the biotic (living) and abiotic (non-living) components of nature to promote human health and well-being.^{10, 11} ”

It aims to evaluate/test/implement a relationship between humans, nature, and animals for social and therapeutic purposes.



Plan des Serres de Clara

Review of the literature

- Green Care interventions have demonstrated positive effects on people living with NCDs in terms of engagement, social interactions, mental and physical well-being^{12, 13, 14, 15}, as well as reducing agitation in people with dementia¹⁵, empowerment to take positive risks and identity reinforcement¹⁴.
- Gaps identified:

01

Design

- Many observational design and few pre-post or quasi-experimental design

02

Population

- Few studies on people with major neurocognitive disorders (MNCDs) living in the community
- Few studies on caregivers, or professionals.

03

Outcomes

- Few studies on the effects on dementia behavioral and psychological symptoms (BPSD), sleep quality and quality of life

Objectives

1. Co-create, implement, and evaluate a pilot Green Care project offering respite care for people living with MNCDs and their caregivers in the Laurentians.
2. Test human-nature relationships and the impact of Green Care on people living with MND from a health/psychology and socio-anthropology perspective and generate knowledge about this therapeutic approach.
3. Disseminate this model and expand the range of respite and support services available to caregivers with more diverse activities for people with MNCDs.



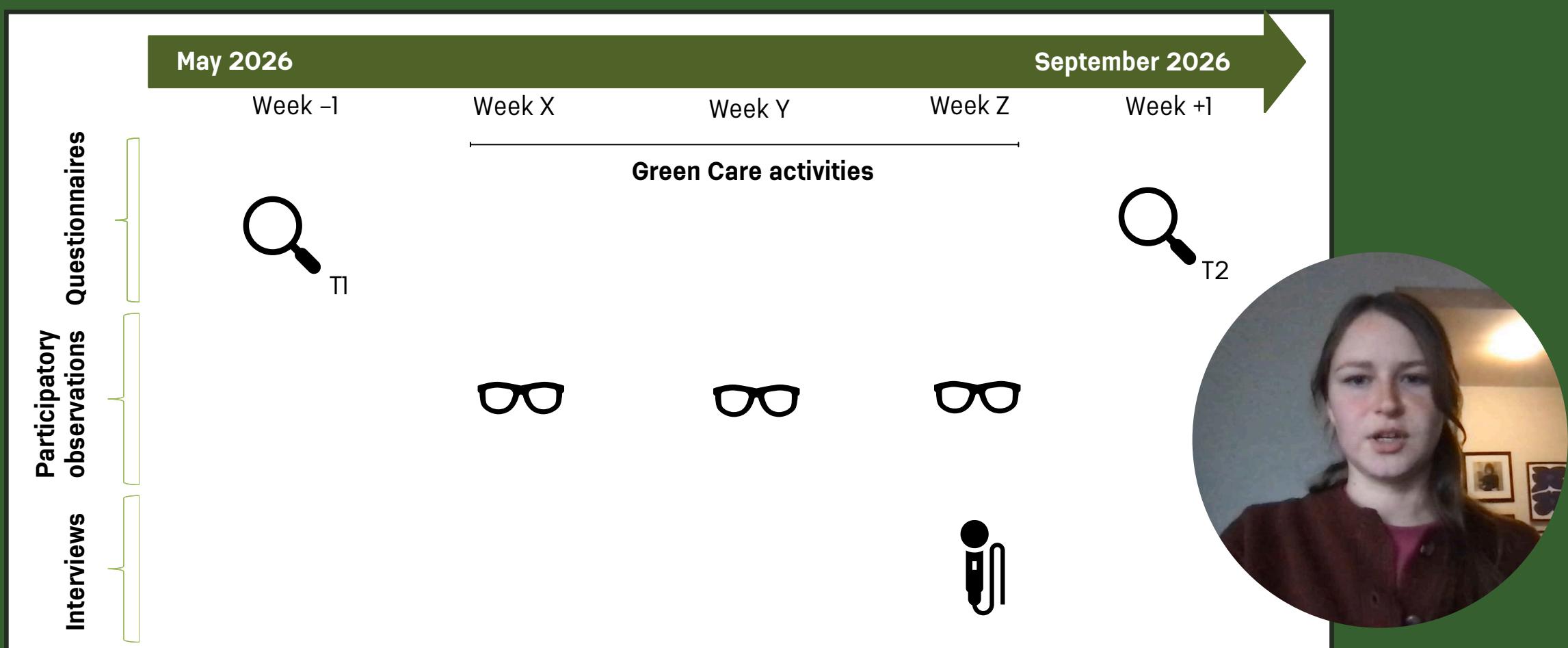
Mixed methods design

Quantitative methods : Pre-post questionnaires to collect sociodemographic data and assess sleep quality, neuropsychiatric symptoms, and the burden on caregivers

- 20 participants in Green Care activities with MNCDs and their caregivers (intervention group), as well as 20 seniors with MNCDs and their caregivers who did not participate in Green Care activities (control group).

Qualitative methods : 1) participatory observations to analyze social interactions and interactions with nature ; 2) semi-structured interviews

- 20 participants in Green Care activities with MNCDs and their caregivers, 1-3 workers from Les Serres de Clara and 5 practitioners from Maison Aloïs



Expected results

- Obtaining mixed data to evaluate the effects of Green Care on people living with major neurocognitive disorders, their caregivers, and practitioners, as well as the conditions necessary for wider dissemination.
- Transfer of knowledge and experience (toolkit, website, presentations in the field, articles, scientific conferences)
- Strengthened community partnerships between care, agricultural organizations and research with the creation of a network to expand this pilot project to other territories
- Raising awareness among various stakeholders of the need for diversified respite/care services in rural areas in the context of an aging population (municipal and regional elected officials, community organizations, etc.)
- Potential for expanding respite/care services in rural areas

Co-developed based on local needs, this project addresses priority issues: the aging population, the scarcity of respite/care services in rural areas, the need for a variety of forms of stimulation to meet needs, and keeping seniors in their communities.



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