

## The Agricultural Health and Safety Network





# NetworkNews

THE NETWORK providing agricultural occupational health and safety information and programs to Saskatchewan farm families

### **Taking Care of the Farmer: Wellness & Resiliency**

The World Health Organization (WHO) defines health as a "state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity." All of the different pieces of our well-being fit together to make us healthy and resilient, but if one of the pieces starts to fall apart this can create a snowball effect and impact our overall well-being. This spring farmers are facing additional challenges including working to harvest 2019 crops while getting 2020 seed in the ground, navigating ever changing markets for livestock, and the COVID-19 pandemic. You may find yourself up late at night going through different scenarios in your mind or find yourself stressed and unable to focus, these difficult times can take a serious toll on your mental health.

It is important to take time to think about your mental health, particularly during these uncertain times. Consider how all of these stressors are affecting you. You can control taking time to take care of the farmer. Give yourself permission to take a break from your worries and concerns. By recognizing and dedicating even a short time every day for your own mental wellness you will reap significant benefits in terms of feeling more confident facing challenges on your farm.

Return undeliverable Canadian addresses to: 104 Clinic Place Saskatoon, Saskatchewan S7N 2Z4

At the Network, we take a holistic approach to mental health that recognizes the many different factors which play a role in our mental wellness. Maintaining mental wellness means finding a balance in all areas of our lives, including physical, social, personal, emotional, financial, and spiritual aspects. Reaching a balance of all of these aspects is an ongoing process that is unique to each individual. In this edition of the Network News we are focusing on *Taking Care of the Farmer*, inside you will find articles on mental health and COVID-19, building resiliency, nutrition, the importance of sleep, symptoms of mental illness, and tips for practicing selfcare. It is our goal that these tips will help you take a look at your own well-being, draw on your strengths and take action!

For more information or resources remember to visit our website aghealth.usask.ca.

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### Letter from the Director

The COVID-19 situation around the world has brought hardship and stress to families and workers everywhere, and agriculture is no exception. In this issue we have included some information on the pandemic. Our Network staff are actively engaging with partners across the country to help communicate information and provide resources to producers and their families during this crisis. Farming is a way of life and a rewarding passion for many, but its unique challenges can take a heavy toll on your health, especially your mental health.

The effects of the pandemic can greatly amplify these issues. Recognize when this is happening and always find someone to talk to, don't keep it to yourself, and ask for help. This spring will be extra challenging with many still working to harvest 2019 crop and also get seed in the ground, among many other things. It will be more important than ever to remember to take care of yourself. Please stay tuned to our website for more information as we work with our national partners to provide information and resources. As I update this letter, the news about Saskatchewan COVID-19 cases is promising, with recoveries outpacing new cases lately. We are, so far, coming through in a powerful way by sticking to the public health plan, and we can't let our guard down just yet.

Please take care and stay well,

Niels Koehncke MD MSc FRCPC Specialist in Occupational Medicine Director, Canadian Centre for Health and Safety in Agriculture

### Canadian Centre for Health and Safety in Agriculture

### Ike Thiessen: Building a Foundation Award



Isaac (Ike) Thiessen was a farmer in the rural municipality of Aberdeen (RM #373) and president of the Saskatchewan Association of Rural Municipalities (SARM) from 1986 – 1988. He was instrumental in the recruiting of the first RMs in 1988 to join the Agricultural Health and Safety Network setting the foundation for future growth. Currently, 30 years later, more than 70% of Saskatchewan Rural Municipalities are members, supporting the Network's mission to improve health and safety on the farm through education, service and evaluation research.

This Award will be given annually in recognition of the support and dedication to the Saskatchewan Agricultural Health and Safety Network for helping us further our mission and build a foundation of health and safety for Agriculture in Saskatchewan.

The inaugural lke Thiessen Award was presented in March 2020 to the Saskatchewan Association of Rural Municipalities (SARM) recognizing the fundamental role they play in helping grow and enhance the activities of the Agricultural Health and Safety Network. Congratulations SARM and thank you for your dedication to improving agricultural health and safety in Saskatchewan!

### The Ike Thiessen Building a Foundation Award

Presented at the SARM Convention 2020 to

Saskatchewan Association of Rural Municipalities

In recognition of your support and dedication to the Agricultural Health and Safety Network. Thank you for helping us further our mission and build a foundation of health and safety in Saskatchewan.



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### What is grown in Saskatchewan?

Many different types of grains are produced and consumed in Saskatchewan, including:

LENTILS	DURUN
CHICKPEAS	WHEAT
FLAX	OATS
SOYBEANS	BARLEY
PEAS	RYE

## Why LOCAL?

Why should we eat locally grown

- > You are supporting a local farmer and business in Saskatchewan. Helping your neighbour never tasted so good!
- > More sustainable and economically friendly
- > Grains provide essential nutrients, vitamins, minerals, fiber, and protein crucial for healthy living.
- > Whole grains can increase satiety, which makes you feel fuller, longer!
- > EXTREMELY TASTY!



Packing a healthy lunch can be boring and repetitive. But, if you are already growing grains on your farm, or know someone that is, then why not incorporate them into your everyday meals? This article contains many tips and tricks on how ANYONE can incorporate grains into their everyday eating habits, making lunches, snacks, or any meal a real treat.



# Tips & Tricks to easily incorporate Grains in your meals

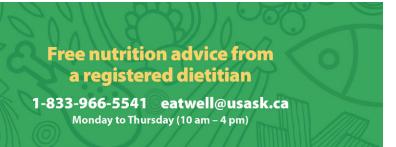
- •
- . fiber.
- •



# Where to Start?

**By Jessica Karstens & Kassandra Lestrat** Nutrition Students, University of Saskatchewan

- Add pureed lentils to ground beef to increase fiber content.
  - Add cooked pulses such as chickpeas or soybeans to chili and soups for a nutritious, well rounded meal.
  - Replace breadcrumbs with oats to recipes like meatloaf to add
  - Add ground flax to cereal for extra taste and satiety.
  - Replace your chips or chocolate snack with a tasty oven baked chickpeas or lentils for an extra crunch!



## **COVID-19 ALERT**

Like every community in Canada, we are adjusting to the realities of the COVID-19 pandemic and have had to make major changes to our lives to help keep us all safe during this difficult time.

### What is COVID-19?

COVID-19 is a newly identified infectious disease caused by Sars-CoV-2, and is a part of the larger family of viruses called Coronavirus. These diseases range from mild illnesses such as the common cold to severe illness such as Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS) and Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS). While coronaviruses can affect both animals and humans, human coronaviruses specifically are known to cause respiratory infections.

At the present time COVID-19 is causing mild to moderately severe symptoms and some deaths. The virus spreads through close personto-person contact. As with new viruses, further details will be available as we learn more.

### **SYMPTOMS OF COVID-19**

COVID-19 symptoms may range from little-to-no symptoms to severe illness and death. Most symptoms are usually mild and begin gradually 2 to 14 days after exposure.

MOST COMMON SYMPTOMS	OTHER SYMPTOMS
<ul><li>Dry cough</li><li>Fever</li><li>Fatigue</li></ul>	<ul><li>Aches and pains</li><li>Diarrhea</li><li>Nasal congestion</li></ul>
FEVER COUCH SORE THRDAT SHORTHESS OF BREATH	<ul><li>Pneumonia</li><li>Runny nose</li><li>Sore throat</li></ul>

### Urgent symptoms requiring immediate medical attention include:

- Difficulty breathing or shortness of breath
- New confusion or inability to arouse
- Persistent pain or pressure in the chest
- Loss of consciousness

This list is not all inclusive. Please consult with your health care provider for any other symptoms that are severe or concerning. There is also a Self-Assessment Tool you may complete online for further instructions.

Self-Assessment Tool: public.ehealthsask.ca/sites/COVID-19

#### Article by Suneil Bapat, MD, MPH Senior Resident, Public Health & Preventive Medicine

**DIAGNOSIS OF COVID-19** 

swab or a throat swab.

call ahead.

**COVID – 19 RESOURCES** 

and safety in agriculture.

**TREATMENT OF COVID-19** 

Coronavirus infections are diagnosed by a

health care provider based on symptoms

and are confirmed through a laboratory test.

The test is usually done by taking a nasal

As with most respiratory illnesses, most people with COVID-19 illness will recover

on their own. There is no specific treatment for disease caused by COVID-19. Severe

or worsening symptoms may require supportive treatment in hospital. If symptoms feel worse than a standard cold, see a health care provider or call HealthLine at 811. If HealthLine recommends you seek acute care, they will provide instruction to

The Network is working with other provincial

agricultural safety organizations to develop

resources related to COVID-19 and health

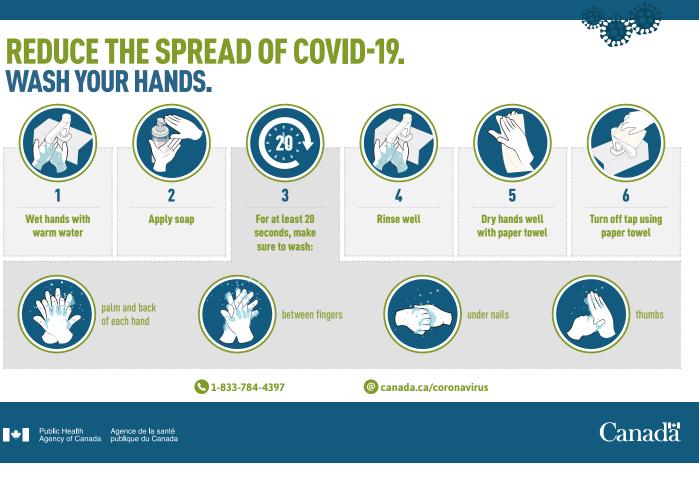
SCAN ME

### **PREVENTION OF COVID-19**

Currently, there is no approved vaccine that protects against COVID-19. Vaccine and drug treatments for COVID-19 are being developed and tested.

actions, including:

- · Practise proper cough and sneezing etiquette (into the bend of your elbow)
- sanitizer
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose and mouth with unwashed hands
- Clean and disinfect your home regularly
- Maintain safe food practices
- Avoid close contact with people who are sick
- Avoid unnecessary travel to affected areas
- Avoid large crowds and practice social distancing of ideally 2 metres (do not shake hands, hug or kiss)
- as on public transit or in grocery stores).



## **COVID-19 PREVENTION**

### As a respiratory illness, the best method to protect yourself against COVID-19 is to practice everyday preventive

• Wash your hands often with soap and water; if soap and water are not available, use an alcohol-based hand

• Wearing a nonmedical mask (even if asymptomatic) is an additional measure you may take to protect others around you, particularly in situations where the recommended physical distancing cannot be maintained (such

## COVID-19 and Your Mental Health

The recent outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19) is having a significant impact on so many areas of our lives. With so much uncertainty surrounding this pandemic, it can be overwhelming and cause strong emotional responses in individuals, including fear and heightened anxiety. Individuals within the Agriculture community are among the most vulnerable when it comes to mental health concerns, as levels of stress, anxiety, depression, and burnout are all high among producers. Because of this, it is important to take a proactive approach to managing our mental health and coping with stress effectively.

### BELOW ARE A FEW TIPS ON HOW TO SUPPORT YOURSELF AND OTHERS DURING THIS TIME:

**Focus on what you can control:** There are so many things outside of our control, and if we fixate on trying to manage these things our stress levels will continue to increase. Instead, focus our time and energy on things we do have control over, such as maintaining a routine and engaging in regular self-care.

Take care of your body: Looking after one's physical health will have a positive impact on mental health as well. Try to get regular exercise with home workouts, eat healthy, and get plenty of sleep.

**Self-Compassion:** It is important to recognize that we can't do everything we are use to doing and that this an unprecedented situation. Treat ourselves with kindness and give ourselves a break. A good idea to monitor our self-talk is to make sure we speak to ourselves the same way we would speak to a close friend.

Take breaks from the news: While it is important to stay updated on how the coronavirus is impacting our lives, hearing about the pandemic constantly can be upsetting. Take breaks from watching, reading, and listening to news stories, as well as social media. Additionally, ensure you are getting your information from trustworthy news sources.

Stay connected with others: Physical distancing is important to practice, but we still need to maintain social connection with those we care about. Phone, text, or video chatare great ways to maintain contact. Additionally, try to talk about things unrelated to COVID-19 for a break.

Seek extra help or support: It's okay to not feel okay, and if your anxiety is having an impact on your daily functioning it may be beneficial to reach out for professional support. Bridges Health has a mobile app called Avail, that is currently being offered free of charge. This provides individuals with a resource to access videos, tips, and articles tailored to specific areas of wellness, and also connects users with care professionals in their area.

For more information, please contact Bridges Health at info@bridgeshealth com or (306) 668-5520.

### The Canadian Mental Health Association, SK Division has set up phone lines to support those who may be struggling in these changing times:

**Provincial Line: 306-421-1871** Provincial Youth Line: 306-730-5900

306-630-5968 Moose Jaw: North Battleford: 306-441-5746 Prince Albert: 306-940-7678 **Regina:** 306-535-4292

306-831-4083 **Rosetown:** Saskatoon: 306-270-3648 Swift Current: 306-741-5148 Weyburn: 306-861-4951

### 8 Domains of Well-Being COVID-19 Style!

"Unguestionably, these are tough days. The COVID-19 pandemic has required us to make significant changes professionally and personally, in a very short period of time, while also attending to our feelings around the disease. For many of us, we may be having trouble doing our usual activities that support our well-being," describes Dr. Andria Jones-Bitton. The 8 Domains of Well-Being COVID-19 Style resource was designed to help encourage ideas for well-being activities during COVID-19 in the areas of: Emotional, Social, Intellectual, Environmental, Physical, Financial, Occupational, and Spiritual Well-Being.

Being. **Need more information?** There are a variety of resources

and Safety N

If you are in need of mental health resources of information during this uncertain time, the Government of Saskatchewan has several services available to residents:

HealthLine 811 providing 24/7 crisis support, advice to help manage a caller's situation, information and connection to community resources.

Farm Stress Line provides support for farmers and ranchers and is available 24 hours per day, seven days per week.

For more information on these services visit the Government of Saskatchewan's Mental Health and COVID-19 webpage or scan the QR code on the right. >>>



Article by Kyle Anderson

**Bridges Health** 

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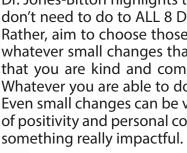
available online at:

agsafety.usask.ca

DAILY CHORE

UNDERSTANDING STRESS, ITS IMPACT, AND EXPLORING COPING METHODS.

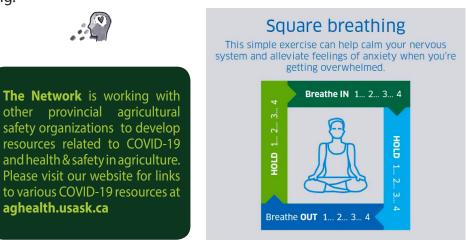
ANDLING STRESS ON THE FARM



Dr. Jones-Bitton highlights that it is really important to remember that we don't need to do to ALL 8 DOMAINS or all suggested activities all at once. Rather, aim to choose those activities that most appeal to YOU and make whatever small changes that are within your control! It is very important that you are kind and compassionate with yourself during this process. Whatever you are able to do is great, regardless of the size of the change. Even small changes can be very powerful! Small changes produce feelings of positivity and personal control. Remember, small changes can add up to

We hope you find some of the activities suggested in the 8 Domains of Well-Being infographics (next page) to be a useful starting point.

Please visit our website, aghealth.usask.ca, to access all 8 Domains of Well-



To get help, call 1-800-667-4442.



**Network** News

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#### NELL-BEING EMOTIONAL The ability to express feelings, enjoy life, adjust to emotional challenges, and cope with stress and traumatic life experiences SPIRITUAL Developing a sense of connection, belonging and a well-developed Expanding our sense of purpose and meaning support system in life WELL-BEING DURING **8** WELL-BEING DOMAINS **DURING COVID-19** ჩ () There are 8 different domains 43 that contribute to Well-Being. INTELLECTUAL OCCUPATIONAL We hope you find some of the Recognizing creative abilities Personal satisfaction and activities suggested in these and finding ways to expand enrichment derived from knowledge and skills infographics to be a useful one's work COVID-19 starting point. Please visit our website at aghealth.usask.ca to access all 8 Domains of Well-Being. FNVIRONMENTAL These infographics were created by Good health by occupying Dr. Andria Jones-Bitton Associate pleasant, stimulating Professor, Department of Population FINANCIAL ronments that support well-being Medicine Director of Well-Being Satisfaction with current and future financial situation Programming, Ontario Veterinary College University of Guelph and her PHYSICA Ontario Veterinary College's Resilience Recognizing the needs for Rotation 4th year DVM students. physical activity, diet, sleep Artistic Design by Dr. Alex Sawatzky and nutrition Swarbrick and Yudorf©2015

Reference: n, Ontario Veterinary College Contact: Dr. Andria Artistic Design: Dr. Alex S

**Disclaimer:** These infographic resources

are not intended to be medical advice and are meant for personal education

purposes only.

# SLEEP

Sleep is a phenomenon that is still somewhat a mystery to researchers. When we are asleep, our brain is surprisingly very active. It works to clear out toxins that accumulate while we are awake. Without this housekeeping process during sleep, the build-up of toxins could contribute to the development of disease, such as Alzheimer's. There are many other consequences to poor sleep including fatigue, memory and concentration deficits, decreased productivity, emotional disturbances, and even death in rare cases.

### **DID YOU KNOW?**

Sleep is just as important to our survival as food and water! You may think that the ability to obtain good sleep is intuitive. In fact, we spend about one-third of our life sleeping. Getting After all, we have been sleeping since the day we were born. good quality sleep is an integral component to a healthy But in reality, we develop bad habits over the years and lifestyle. Without sleep, our minds would not be able to there may be a few things affecting the quality of your sleep. function properly. The number of hours we need each night depends on age and can vary from person to person. An average adult will need 7-9 hours of sleep, though may be able to get by on less. Teenagers, children, infants, and newborns will need significantly more hours of sleep. That said, you should judge how many hours of sleep you need by how you feel the next day. If you feel well-rested on 7 hours of sleep, then aim for 7 hours of sleep and not necessarily any more than that. Keep in mind that *quantity does not mean quality*. Check out the strategies for better sleep habits, also known as sleep hygiene.



TIPS FOR QUALITY SLEEP	
SLEEP ONLY AS MUCH AS YOU NEED	More sleep does not alw
BE CONSISTENT IN YOUR WAKE-UP TIME EVERY DAY OF THE WEEK	Our bodies follow a circa that clock and make it each
ONLY GO TO BED WHEN YOU ARE TRULY SLEEPY	Consistent sleep schedu of bed and do somethin
GET REGULAR EXERCISE	Exercise can help reduce avoid strenuous exercise
ENSURE YOUR BEDROOM IS AS DARK AS POSSIBLE	Being in a dark environn melatonin, a hormone ir
AVOID BEING ON YOUR ELECTRONIC DEVICES 30 MINUTES BEFORE BED	The blue light emitted fr sleep-awake cycles.
IF YOU ARE HUNGRY BEFORE BED, HAVE A LIGHT SNACK	Hunger can make it diffi
AVOID HAVING CAFFEINE, ALCOHOL, OR CIGARETTES AT NIGHT	Caffeine and nicotine are hours before bedtime. A hours, which will disrupt
RELAX BEFORE BEDTIME	Try not to worry or stres
LIMIT YOUR DAYTIME NAPS TO APPROXIMATELY 30 MINUTES	A quick nap can boost n sleep.
Do potiont with your colf or chonges take time	and consiston sy is low

However, despite proper sleep hygiene, if poor sleep is consistently affecting rour personal or work life, you should contact a doctor. Sleep disorders are not uncommon but require medical expertise to properly manage

Article by Sandi Yao, Medical Student University of Saskatchewan



### **IMPROVING YOUR SLEEP**

#### **EXPLANATION**

ways mean better sleep. Sleep that is excessive may be shallow and less restful.

cadian or biological clock. Waking up at the same time every day will help secure easier to fall asleep at night.

ules are helpful, but if you are struggling to fall asleep after 20-30 minutes, get out ng else, ideally relaxing or boring, until you are sleepy.

e anxiety and stress, which has been associated with insomnia. Most people should e close to bedtime.

ment signals to your brain that it is time to sleep and initiates the production of mportant for sleep.

from your screens reduces the production of melatonin, the hormone that regulates

ficult to fall asleep. Avoid spicy, fatty, or sugary foods.

re stimulants. They can make it difficult to fall asleep and should be avoided 4-6 Alcohol might make you sleepy initially, but it can act as a stimulant after a few pt the quality of your sleep.

ss before bed. Increased anxiety makes it difficult to fall asleep.

mood, alertness, and productivity, but it does not make up for inadequate nighttime

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# **Is a New Technology Right for my Operation?**

### **Applying the Technology Decision Calculator for Swine Operation Profitability**

Article by: Abisola Omoniyi Research Assistant, Canadian Centre for Health and Safety in Agriculture

New technologies are constantly being introduced onto farms due to promised benefits and enhanced profitability. However, these innovations can also introduce new challenges and costs, such as the impact of new technologies on health and safety. So how do you know if it will work in your specific situation? Prairie Swine Centre and the Canadian Centre for Health and Safety in Agriculture have collaborated to develop a simple, personalizable web calculator that can help predict the value of adopting new technology. This multidimensional tool incorporates implementation costs, productivity, health and safety impacts, and was developed to help forecast the overall benefit of investing in new technology.

Visit the technology decision calculator online to see if a new tool, equipment, or process has what it takes to be profitable on your farm. In a few simple steps, you can fill in the inputs and click on the 'calculate' button to get a personalized result presented as an incremental cost-benefit ratio. The incremental cost benefit ratio shows the difference between the current situation and what is obtainable with the new technology; values greater than one indicate profitability, while values less than one indicate the proposed technology isn't a good bet. In addition to the incremental cost-benefit ratio over the life span of the new technology, the printable report delivers a range of estimates.

The technology decision calculator was developed based on the test case of needleless injectors, the topic of a research study at the Canadian Centre for Health and Safety in Agriculture. Since it is not always possible to get precise costs when estimating the amount of labour, maintenance, and productivity increases, this tool also provides information to allow for educated estimates. We provide background information, things to consider, and the dollar-value results from the needleless injector study. Of course, each new technology is different, but it is hoped that this background information will allow you to make an educated guess about the numbers for your enterprise.

All model reports are estimates and not a guarantee, the model cannot account for all possible variables and is only as accurate as the numbers given as inputs. This tool allows you to select the range of certainty for your cost estimates, resulting in a range of potential cost-benefit estimates. The lowest estimates from cost benefit analysis are considered the most conservative, i.e. the worst-case scenario. If the conservative 'worst case scenario' is still profitable, then the model projects that your organization would still benefit from the new technology, even with the worst combination of costs and benefits. You can also re-run reports for different values, and see how small differences can add up.

This project would not have been possible without the support of Saskatchewan and Manitoba swine industry; we are grateful to all the workers and employers who participated. This study was funded by the WCB Manitoba Research and Workplace Innovation Program, and in part by the Canada Research Chairs.

We invite you to try using this web calculator for your next project and see how it works. We would love to hear your feedback!

Access the technology decision tool via the Prairie Swine Centre 'Tools' website: prairieswine.com/tools or calculator.prairieswine.com

To learn more about the needleless injector study, visit our study website: research-groups.usask.ca/ergolab











The interdisciplinary Rural Dementia Action Research (RaDAR) team's research is inspired by the needs of Saskatchewan's aging population with the main goal of improving dementia care in rural and remote settings. Dr. Debra Morgan, CCHSA Professor and Chair in Rural Health Delivery, has been leading the RaDAR team since 2003.

#### **RaDAR research guided by The Knowledge Network in Rural** and Remote Dementia Care

The Network includes people with

dementia and family members,

front-line health care providers

and managers, health region

representatives, international

researchers, and individuals from

based organizations. The Network

meets at the annual Rural Dementia

Care Summit, the RaDAR team's key

knowledge exchange event, where

Network members provide input

into new and ongoing research

projects.

be found at

governmental and community-

Saskatchewan.

More information about these interventions and how to get involved is available at https://researchgroups.usask.ca/memory/interventi ons.php

### **Alzheimer** Society

More information about Summit can

https://tinyurl.com/RaDAR-Summit

RaDAR works closely with the Alzheimer Society of Saskatchewan to meet the needs of people living with dementia in Saskatchewan. The Alzheimer Society offers programs and services to help support people living with dementia across the province. Learn more at https://alzheimer.ca/sk

#### **Dementia Helpline**

Have questions? We can help.

The Alzheimer Society is here to answer your questions.

Call today to speak to one of our trained staff members, ask the questions

that matter to you, and connect to information and support.

Dementia Helpline 1-877-949-4141 or helpline@alzheimer.sk.ca





### **Canadian Consortium on Neurodegeneration in Aging** (CCNA), Team 15

CCNA Team 15 is led by Drs. Megan O'Connell and Debra Morgan which focuses on dementia care for rural populations. Dr. O'Connell is leading an interdisciplinary team in the development of RRMC-interventions (RRMCi), a suite of psychological interventions to be delivered remotely via Telehealth across rural



**RaDAR** collaboration with **Primary Health Care teams** in rural Saskatchewan

Dr. Morgan and Dr. Julie Kosteniuk are working with rural Primary Health Care teams in southeast Sask to support primary care professionals caring for people living with dementia in their home communities. Four teams have established 1-day memory clinics in Kipling, Weyburn, Bengough, and Carlyle, which are currently available only to patients of those primary care clinics. Team composition varies by location and includes a number of different professionals, including Alzheimer Society of Saskatchewan First Link Coordinators. RaDAR is conducting several projects related to spreading and sustaining RaDAR Rural PHC Memory Clinics, and outcome studies exploring the impact of the clinics. The goal is to continue spreading these clinics across the province.



For more information about the memory clinics visit http://tiny.cc/RuralMemory

#### **ASOS Resource Centres**

Battleford prairienorth@alzheimer.sk.ca Prince Albert paparkland@alzheimer.sk.ca Regina regina@alzheimer.sk.ca Swift Current cypress@alzheimer.sk.ca Saskatoon saskatoon@alzheimer.sk.ca Estevan/Weyburn suncountry@alzheimer.sk.ca Yorkton sunrise@alzheimer.sk.ca

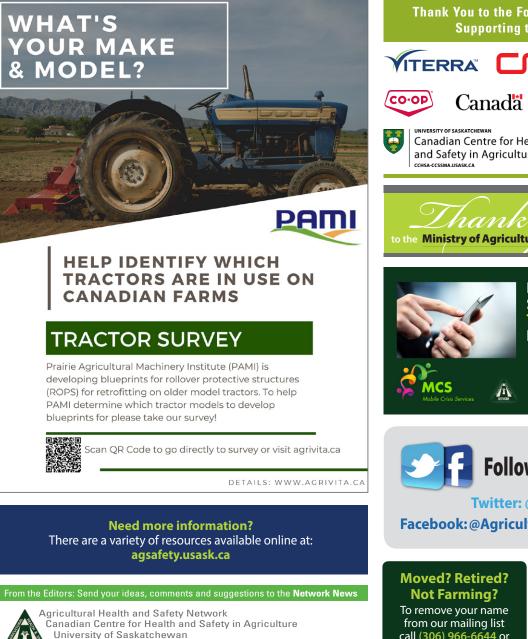
### ELECTRICAL SAFETY ON SASKATCHEWAN FARMS

The Electrical Safety on Saskatchewan Farms resource is a new and unique resource that will increase awareness and prevent incidents when working around overhead and underground power lines. The Agricultural Health and Safety Network is grateful to have partnered with SaskPower in the development and delivery of this resource and will continue to grow this partnership in the future. In 2019, there were 326 overhead line contacts caused by farm machinery and while none of these incidents were fatal, each incident had the potential to be. Don't take the chance, be aware and be safe!

Together we can make it safer.



Please find the Electrical Safety on Saskatchewan Farms resource included in this Spring Network mail out package, and online at www.aghealth.usask.ca



Thank You to the Following Organizations for Supporting the Network News:





BOOKLE

INCLUDED

**THIS PACKA** 

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call (306) 966-6644 or

contact the editor.

Would you like regular email updates from the Network?

If so, email us at aghealthandsafety@usask.ca



104 Clinic Place PO Box 23, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan S7N 2Z4 Phone: 306-966-6644